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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/623,934	07/21/2003	Naomasa Takahashi	09812.0369-00000	6473
	7590 08/04/200 ENDERSON, FARAB	8 BOW, GARRETT & DUNNER	EXAMINER	
LLP			TRAN, TUYETLIEN T	
901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2179	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/623,934	TAKAHASHI, NAOMASA	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	TUYETLIEN T. TRAN	2179	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to some still apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 I This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, p		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and any objection to the Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applica ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to the following communication: Amendment filed 05/14/08. **This action is** made non-final.

2. Claims 1-9 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 5 and 7 are independent claims.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

3. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 05/14/08 has been entered.

Claim Objections

4. Claim 8 is objected to because of the following informalities: claim 8 recites "the presentation method" which is not a proper dependent form of claim 7 because claim 7 is now a <u>distribution method</u>. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Santoro et al (Patent No. US 6724403 B1; hereinafter Santoro).

As to claims 5 and 7, Santoro teaches:

A server and a distribution method of layout script text (e.g., see Fig. 24) comprising:

a script text storage unit for storing a plurality of script texts (e.g., see Fig. 24 and col. 13 lines 44-51; the grids are defined as a document created in a markup language such as HTML, SGML or XML that are used to present simultaneous information content from a plurality of sources, see col. 10 lines 41-67, col. 13 lines 31-51; note the grids can be acquired from a server), containing at least a media element identification of visual media information to be input into an electronic equipment from one of a plurality of interfaces (e.g., see Figs. 5, 6 and col. 10 lines 41-67), an external source information of the media element (e.g., see Figs. 5, 6 and col. 10 lines 41-67), a display layout of said media element on said display screen (e.g., see Figs. 8-12), and an indication of a type of equipment connected to at least one of the plurality of interfaces (e.g., see Figs. 5, 6 and col. 9 lines 57-67 through col. 10 lines 1-10, col. 10 lines 41-67);

a recognition means for recognizing a characteristic of the electronic equipment (e.g., see Figs. 24-26, col. 22 lines 1-37);

a script text customizing means for customizing at least one of the plurality of script texts according to the characteristic of the electronic equipment (e.g., see Figs. 24-26, col. 22 lines 1-37); and script text distribution means for reading a corresponding script text from the script text storage unit and distributing the customized script text to said electronic equipment through a network in response to a request from the electronic equipment as a client (e.g., see Figs. 24-26, col. 22 lines 1-37),

wherein the media element is input by one of said plurality of interfaces corresponding to said external source information at the electronic equipment (e.g., see Figs. 1, 2 and col. 4 lines 34-54; ports 108-1-108-N).

As to claims 6 and 8, Santoro teaches the characteristic of the electronic equipment comprises at least one of display size information and interface information (e.g., the interface information such as set-top box or personal computer or incoming bandwidth, see col. 22 lines 17-50).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 1, 3-4 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Santoro in view of Mizutome et al (Pub. No. US 2002/0078447 A1; hereinafter Mizutome).

As to claim 1, Santoro teaches:

An electronic equipment (e.g., see Fig. 2) comprising:

a display unit including a display screen (e.g., Fig. 2; display 110);

a plurality of interfaces for inputting visual media information from a plurality of external sources (e.g., see Fig. 2 and col. 4 lines 34-54; ports 108-1-108-N);

script text acquisition means for acquiring a plurality of script texts (e.g., the grids are defined as a document created in a markup language such as HTML, SGML or XML that are used to present simultaneous information content from a plurality of sources, see col. 10 lines 41-67, col. 13 lines 31-51; note the grids can be acquired from a server) containing at least a media element identification of the visual media information to be input from one of the interfaces (e.g., see Figs. 5, 6 and col. 10 lines 41-67), an external source information of the media element (e.g., see Figs. 5, 6 and col. 10 lines 41-67), a display layout of said media element on said display screen (e.g., see Figs. 8-12), and an indication of a type of equipment connected to at least one of the plurality of interfaces (e.g., see Figs. 5, 6 and col. 9 lines 57-67 through col. 10 lines 1-10, col. 10 lines 41-67);

a script text storage unit for storing the plurality of script texts taken in by said script text acquisition means (e.g., see col. 12 lines 66-67 through col. 13 1-6, col. 13 lines 44-51 and Fig. 16);

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script text selection means for selecting a layout from the plurality of script texts (e.g., see col. 13 lines 29-67 through col. 14 lines 1-24);

an interface selection means for identifying the external source of the media element based on the external source information contained in the layout selected by the layout selection means and selecting one of the plurality of interfaces corresponding to the identified external source to input the media element (e.g., see Figs. 1, 7-10; col. 10 lines 39-67); and

script process means for displaying the media element on the display screen in accordance with the display layout contained in the script text selected by the script text selection means (e.g., see Figs. 1, 7-10; col. 10 lines 39-67).

Although Santoro teaches the capability for the user to configure, download and update the layout on the fly (e.g., see col. 13 lines 28-31, lines 43-51, col. 14 lines 16-24), Santoro does not expressly teach script text presenting means for presenting layout options based on the plurality of script texts.

In the same field of endeavor of presenting plurality of information from a plurality of external sources (e.g., see Mizutome Fig. 1), Mizutome teaches an electronic equipment comprising a display unit and a plurality of interfaces for inputting media information from a plurality of external sources similar to that of Santoro (e.g., see Mizutome Fig. 1; display 114, interfaces 1A-1C, 117a, 117b as shown in Fig. 1). Mizutome teaches the equipment can process information in markup language such as XML (e.g., see [0078]). Specifically, Mizutome teaches the equipment comprises a layout presenting means for presenting layout options based on the plurality of layouts (e.g., see Fig. 5, 13-15 and [0081], [0087], [0098], [0103]).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the electronic equipment as taught in Santoro to include the feature of presenting layout options based on the plurality of layouts as taught by Mizutome to be able to achieve the system that is able to provide the user options to select a preferred layout as claimed. One would have been motivated to make such a combination is to enhance video entertainment (e.g., see Mizutome [0010]).

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As to claim 3, Santoro teaches selecting a desired script text and takes in said script text from a server for presenting said script text through a network (e.g., see col. 13 lines 43-51 and col. 22 lines 1-21).

As to claim 4, Santoro further teaches wherein the script text acquisition means selects a desired script text and takes in the script text from a detachably mountable storage medium which records the script text (e.g., see col. 5 lines 14-22).

As to claim 9, Santoro teaches at least one of the plurality of script texts is customized based on a characteristic of the electronic equipment (e.g., see col. 22 lines 1-50).

9. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Santoro in view of Mizutome further in view of Escobar et al (WO 01/39494 A1; hereinafter Escobar).

As to claim 2, Santoro and Mizutome teach the limitations of claim 1 for the same reasons as set forth in the rejection of claim 1 above. Santoro teaches the feature of receiving and displaying inputs from multiple broadcast channels and the feature of configuring the grid to display the channels of choice (e.g., col. 11 lines 15-32, col. 12 lines 50-65; col. 13 lines 54-67 through col. 14 lines 1-25). Therefore, it appears that Santoro teaches the features of inputting visual media information different from each other through a plurality of channels and including in the script text (e.g., the grid) information for defining the interface for inputting the media element and a channel of the interface. Even if it does not, implementing the limitations of the plurality of interfaces include a function of inputting visual media information different from each other through a plurality of channels and the script text includes information for defining said interface for inputting said media element and a channel of said interface (e.g., see Figs. 6A-7D and pages 7, 8). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to modify the electronic equipment as taught by Santoro and Mizutome to include the feature of virtual channels as taught by Escobar to achieve the claimed invention. One would have been motivated to make such a combination is to eliminate the need for viewers to distinguish between web content and TV content (e.g., see Escobar page 4, third paragraph).

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Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's remarks filed on 05/14/08 have been fully considered but they are moot in new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record on form PTO-892 and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111(c) to consider these references fully when responding to this action.

It is noted that any citation to specific, pages, columns, lines, or figures in the prior art references and any interpretation of the references should not be considered to be limiting in any way. A reference is relevant for all it contains and may be relied upon for all that it would have reasonably suggested to one having ordinary skill in the art. In re Heck, 699 F.2d 1331, 1332-33,216 USPQ 1038, 1039 (Fed. Cir. 1983) (quoting In re Lemelson, 397 F.2d 1006,1009, 158 USPQ 275,277 (CCPA 1968)).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to TuyetLien (Lien) T. Tran whose telephone number is 571-270-1033. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Friday: 7:30 - 5:00, off on alternating Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on 571-272-4847. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative

at 600-217-3137 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a OSF 10 Customer Service Representative

or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

/TuyetLien T Tran/ Examiner, Art Unit 2179

/Weilun Lo/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2179